

M A R Y L A N D G A Z E T T E.

T H U R S D A Y, J A N U A R Y 27, 1785.

An ACT to raise the supplies for the year seventeen hundred and eighty-five.

OR raising the necessary supplies for the ensuing year, *Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That the rate or assessment of fifteen shillings current money shall be and is hereby laid and imposed for every hundred pounds worth of property within this state, and in the same proportion for every greater or less sum; and the said rate of assessment shall be paid, collected and levied, in the manner herein after directed.

Provided, That all property belonging to this state, the United States, or either of them, or to any church, county, or parish, or to any public or county school, all provisions (except live stock) necessary for the use and consumption of the person to whom the same shall belong and his family for the year, plantation utensils, the working tools of mechanics and manufacturers, actually and constantly employed in their respective occupations, ready money, and wearing apparel, shall be and are hereby excepted from any rate or assessment.

And be it enacted, That five sensible, discreet and experienced persons, shall be appointed in each county of this state, who shall be called commissioners of the tax, and they, or any three or more of them, shall be the commissioners for each county; provided that no member of the general assembly or the council, clergyman, practicing attorney or physician, sheriff, clerks of the general or any county court, ordinary keeper, mariner, or inspector, shall be appointed a commissioner.

And be it enacted, That the following persons shall be and they are hereby appointed commissioners for the several and respective counties of this state, to wit: For Saint Mary's county, Messieurs Jeremiah Jordan, Thomas Bond, Robert Chesley, William Killgour, and William Somerville; for Kent county, Messieurs Richard Miller, William Maxwell, junior, George Hanson, Nathaniel Comegys, and Simon Wickes, of Chester town; for Anne Arundel county, Messieurs John Weems, John Brice, William Hall, Edward Gaither, and James Tootell; for Calvert county, Messieurs Daniel Rawlings, Joseph Blake, Joseph Wilkinfon, Thomas Mackall, and Frederick Skinner; for Charles county, Messieurs Richard Barnes, Thomas Harris, Henry Barnes, Gerard Blackiston Caulin, and Hoskin Hanson; for Baltimore county, Messieurs William Spear, Benjamin Rogers, Darby Lux, Samuel Owings, and Daniel Bowley; for Talbot county, Messieurs Thomas Sherwood, Howes Goldsborough, Samuel Chamberlaine, Peregrine Tilghman, and Henry Banning; for Somerset county, Messieurs William Gillis, David Wilson, John Winder, John Williams, and Ezekiel Gillis; for Dorchester county, Messieurs Robert Harrison, Henry Hooper, Q. S. Joseph Enalls, John Goldsborough, and James Sullivan; for Cecil county, Messieurs Samuel Gilpin, John Ward, inspector, Jeremiah Baker, Samuel Veazey, and James Evans, senior; for Prince-George's county, Messieurs Nathaniel Magruder, John Contee, Robert Darnall, David Crauford, and Clement Hill; for Queen Anne's county, Messieurs Aquila Brown, Richard Tilghman Earle, John Brown, Arthur Emory junior, and Edward Downes; for Worcester county, Messieurs Thomas Martin, John Selby, Thomas Poinell, of Thomas, Samuel Handy, and William Handy, Indian town; for Frederick county, Messieurs William Murdock Bell, Thomas Hawkins, Peter Mantz, Joshua Gilt, and James Ogle; for Harford county, Messieurs Thomas Johnson, William Wilson, Robert Morgan, William Smith, (Ray side) and Jacob Norris; for Caroline county, Messieurs Robert Postlewaite, Philemon Downes, Matthew Driver, Philip Walker, and Thomas Mason; for Washington county, Messieurs Charles Swearingen, Alexander Clagett, Denton Jacques, William Good, and Martin Karthner; for Montgomery county, Messieurs Richard Brooke, Samuel Thomas, the third, Richard Wootton, William Holmes, and Allen Bowie.

And be it enacted, That every commissioner appointed (or to be appointed) in virtue of this act, shall, before he acts as such, take the following oath (or affirmation) to wit: "I, A. B. do swear, or solemnly, sincerely, and truly, declare and affirm, that as commissioner for ——— county, I will, to the best of my skill and judgment, execute the duties of the said office, diligently and faithfully, according to the directions of this act, without favour, affection, or partiality, and that I will do equal right and justice, according to the best of my knowledge, in every case in which I shall act as commissioner. So help me God."

And be it enacted, That every commissioner, who shall take upon himself the execution of this act, during the time he shall act as such, shall be exempt from all military duty.

And be it enacted, That if any person appointed commissioner of the tax shall refuse to serve, not having a reasonable excuse in the judgment of the county court of his county, he shall, for such refusal, forfeit the sum of one hundred pounds current money.

And be it enacted, That if any person appointed a commissioner, or to any office in virtue of this act, hath not heretofore taken the oaths (or affirmations) of fidelity and support to this state, such person shall, before he acts as such, take the oaths directed by this act, subscribe a declaration of his belief in the christian religion, and take the oath or affirmation (as the case may be) of fidelity to this state, directed by the constitution, and the oath or affirmation prescribed by the act, to punish certain crimes and misdemeanors, and to prevent the growth of toryism; which oaths or affirmations any one of the said commissioners, or any justice of the peace, may administer.

And be it enacted, That if any of the days appointed by this act for the performance of any of the duties hereby required shall happen to be a Sunday, then such duties shall be performed on the day following.

And be it enacted, That if any one or two, of the commissioners for any of the counties aforesaid shall die, refuse, or be rendered incapable to act, a majority of the remaining commissioners may appoint some other in the place of the person or persons who shall die, refuse, or be incapable to act; and if any three or more of the said commissioners shall die, refuse, or be incapable to act, the governor may appoint some person or persons in his or their place, so as to make up the number of three commissioners, and they shall fill up the remaining vacancies in manner aforesaid.

And be it enacted, That the commissioners of the tax shall meet at the place where the county courts are usually held in their respective counties, on the first Monday in March next, or as soon thereafter as they may have notice of this act, and as often afterwards as shall be necessary; and the said commissioners, at their said meeting, shall appoint a clerk, who shall be and is hereby required, in case he has no reasonable excuse, to act as such for the ensuing year, under the penalty of twenty pounds current money. And the said commissioners shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, to call before them the clerks of the several counties respectively, or any other person or persons who may have possession of the assessors returns, and list made out by the commissioners of the tax for the year seventeen hundred and eighty-three, and the valuation of land in the several counties, according to the returns of the commissioners of the tax agreeable to the act to raise the supplies for the ensuing year, passed at November session seventeen hundred and eighty-three, shall be considered and are hereby declared to be the value of land on which to lay the tax for the next year; and that the commissioners of the tax appointed in virtue of this act are hereby authorized and directed to add any land since granted, with such value affixed to the same as they shall determine, and to add any land since leased on ground-rent, with the value affixed as to other land leased on ground-rent; and the commissioners are hereby invested with full authority to abate or increase the valuation of any tract of land, and they are particularly directed to make diligent inquiry and invariably to observe, that all land in their county of the same quality be estimated at the same value, that on comparison equity and justice may take place in the valuation of land in their county.

And be it enacted, That the several county clerks shall, and they are hereby authorized and required to deliver the commissioners of their county a list of alienations for the year seventeen hundred and eighty-four of real property in their respective counties, with all convenient speed after required so to do, under the penalty of twenty pounds current money for every neglect or refusal.

And be it enacted, That the commissioners of the tax shall have full power and authority to meet at any other place in their respective counties that the major part of them may agree upon, and which may be by them thought more convenient to the inhabitants of the several hundreds or districts in their respective counties.

And, for the discovery of all personal property liable to assessment by this act, where the commissioners may have good reason to believe there hath been any change; Be it enacted, That every person, if particularly required by the commissioners of the county, or by any one or more of them, in which

his personal property lies, shall give in to such commissioner or commissioners a full and particular account of all his personal property in the same county, and of all property in his possession liable to assessment, and to whom the same belongs; and if any person shall refuse, or after reasonable and convenient notice shall neglect, to render such account, he shall forfeit not exceeding twenty pounds current money for such refusal or neglect; and the commissioners, or the major part of them, shall, on their own knowledge, or the best information they can obtain, value the personal property of such person to the utmost sum they believe in their conscience the same may be worth; and the said commissioners shall double the assessment of such person, and the same shall be collected as the rate by this act imposed; and if any person shall give a partial account of his personal property, or of the property in his possession, with intent that the payment of the rate on any property omitted may be avoided, such person shall forfeit the value of the property so omitted.

And be it enacted, That the following species of personal property shall be valued at the respective sums following, to wit: Every male and female slave from eight to fourteen years of age, twenty-five pounds current money; and every male slave from fourteen to forty-five years of age, seventy pounds like money; and every female slave from fourteen to thirty-six years of age, sixty pounds like money; and silver plate eight shillings and four pence like money per ounce; and the other articles of personal property shall be left to the discretion and judgment of the several commissioners, who shall estimate the same at its present actual worth in ready money, in coin, at the value ascertained and made current by law. *Provided,* That the said commissioners shall be at liberty, and are hereby directed, to estimate male slaves, who are tradesmen, at such value as they may judge them to be worth, regarding their respective trades and their proficiency therein, and the annual value arising therefrom; and also male and female slaves under eight years of age, and male slaves above the age of forty-five years, and female above the age of thirty-six years, to a true proportioned value to male and female slaves above or under those ages; and if any slave shall not be perfect in his limbs or sight, or from the want of health, or any visible infirmity, shall be rendered incapable to perform his usual and proper labour, the commissioners shall make a reasonable abatement for such cause.

And, Whereas it may be just and reasonable in some cases to vary from the quantity of acres contained in the patent or deed by which the present possessor holds the same, *Be it enacted,* That where the commissioners shall know, or be informed and have good reason to believe, that there is surplus land held under the patent or deed, it shall and may be lawful, and they are hereby required to call on the person to whom the land is assessed, to ascertain the quantity of such land; and the said commissioners may, in their discretion, for the better ascertaining the quantity thereof, administer an oath (or affirmation) to such person, to discover his knowledge or belief, touching the quantity of such land; and the party so to be assessed shall, and he is hereby obliged to take such oath or affirmation as aforesaid, and answer thereon as to the quantity of such land to the best of his knowledge and belief, under the penalty of fifty pounds current money for every neglect or refusal; and where any person assessed holds less than the quantity specified in the patent or deed, it shall and may be lawful for the party assessed to ascertain the quantity, by oath or affirmation as aforesaid, or otherwise to prove the same to the satisfaction of the commissioners, who shall allow for such deficiency.

And be it enacted, That if any person, who ought to be assessed by virtue of this act for any personal property, shall, by removing his or her effects from the county where they ought to have been valued, or by any other fraud or device, escape being taxed, and the same be proved before any one of the commissioners, or any justice of the peace for the county where such person resides, at any time within one year next after his property ought to have been valued, every such person shall be charged in the county where he is found, upon proof thereof, double the value of the sum he ought to have been rated by this act, and the same shall be collected from such person by the collector of the county where he shall be found.

And be it enacted, That all lands held or enjoyed immediately by tenants in fee simple, conditional or executory, or fee tail, or by tenant for life without any contingency and impeachment of waste, and who pays no rent, or by tenant by the courtesy,

shall be wholly valued to such tenants; and land assigned to and held by tenant in dower, shall be assessed to such tenant; and where divers persons have particular estates or interests carved out of the same inheritance (as for years, with a reversion or remainder for life or in fee), a just computation thereof shall be made in proportion to the value of their particular interests therein, so that added together they shall amount to the full value of such lands, estimated agreeable to the directions of this act; in which computation, the length of the term for years, the age and health of the tenant for life, and the chance of the reversion, shall be considered.

And be it enacted, That the commissioners of the tax shall, at their first meeting, or within ten days thereafter, appoint the sheriff, or such person as they may judge most proper, to be collector of the tax in their county; and the person so appointed shall appear before the commissioners (within five days after notice of his appointment) and in their presence enter into bond, with good and sufficient securities, such as they shall approve, in double the sum to be collected, with condition, "That if the above bound ——— shall well and faithfully execute and perform the several duties required of him as collector of the tax for ——— county, according to law, then the above obligation to be void, else to remain in full force;" and the commissioners shall witness the execution of such bond, and immediately thereafter transmit the same to the clerk of the county court, who shall record the same and transmit the original to the clerk of the general court, who shall also forthwith record the same, and immediately thereafter deliver the original to the register of the chancery court, to be by him safely kept in the chancery office; and an attested copy of either of the said records shall be as good evidence in law, as if the said bond was actually produced and proved in court; and any person appointed a collector, who shall, after notice of his appointment, neglect to appear, not having a reasonable excuse in the judgment of the commissioners, or appearing shall refuse to take upon him the office of collector, or shall refuse or neglect to give bond as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay fifty pounds current money, and the commissioners of the tax may also, in their discretion, remove any collector from his office, and shall, immediately on any vacancy, by death or removal, or by refusal to act, neglect to appear, or to give bond as aforesaid, appoint some other collector, who shall be subject to the same penalty, in case of neglect or refusal, until a proper collector can be procured for such county.

And be it enacted, That the collector or his deputy shall, on the request of any person charged, or on the request of any person offering to pay for any person charged, shew to the person to applying the certificate given by the commissioners of such charge, and if required give him a copy thereof; and if it shall appear to any collector, that any person shall reside in any other district of his county than that in which his property shall be valued, it is hereby declared to be the duty of such collector, to enter such assessment under the district where such person shall reside; and if it shall appear to any collector, that any person whose property shall be valued in his county shall not reside therein, it is hereby declared to be the duty of such collector to make diligent inquiry where such person shall live, and he shall, if known, transmit to the collector of the county where such person shall reside, a copy of the valuation made on the property of such person in his county, and such collector, on receipt thereof, shall enter the same under the district where such person shall reside, and collect the same.

And be it enacted, That the commissioners aforesaid shall and may divide their respective counties into convenient districts, containing not less than one or more than three entire hundreds; and the said collector, with the approbation of the said commissioners, shall appoint a deputy in each district, for whom he shall be answerable.

And be it enacted, That the commissioners shall, on or before the first Monday in June next, make out and deliver to the collectors an alphabetical list of the persons in each district chargeable for the property therein, the amount of the valuation of each person's property respectively, as made or corrected by them, expressing the sum to be paid thereon by this act.

And be it enacted, That every person shall, on or before the first day of October next, pay to the collector of the county, or his deputy in the district where his property was valued, the assessment imposed by this act, in current money or continental bank notes.

And, Whereas congress have agreed to discount one fourth part of their requisitions in continental loan-office certificates for interest due on their domestic debt, *Be it enacted*, That every person rated and taxed as herein before directed, upon paying three fourths of one half of the tax imposed by this act in specie or bank notes aforesaid, may discount one eighth part of his rate or tax in such continental loan-office certificates for interest, as congress, by their resolution of the twenty-eighth of April seventeen hundred and eighty-four, have directed and agreed to take in part of their requisitions aforesaid.

And be it enacted, That where any person, whose property is chargeable with the rate by this act imposed, shall be under the age of twenty-one years, if the parent or guardian of such infant shall make payment, the same shall be allowed him in his account with such infant.

And be it enacted, That if an executor or administrator shall have any personal estate of the deceased in his hands, chargeable with the assessment imposed by this act, he may inform the assessor, and on payment of the rate, the receipt of the collector shall be sufficient evidence to discharge such executor or administrator for the sum by him paid.

[To be concluded in our next.]

A Supplement to the ACT to authorize the United States in Congress assembled to impose and levy a duty of five per cent. on imported foreign goods, and all prizes and prizes goods, for the payment of the debt contracted by Congress during the war.

BE it enacted, by the general Assembly of Maryland, That the said act shall be in force, and the powers thereby vested in the United States in Congress assembled shall take place, and may be exercised, as soon as twelve states, including this state, shall vest the United States in Congress assembled with power and authority to lay and collect the duty in the said act mentioned, for such time and upon such terms as the United States in Congress assembled shall accept as a substantial compliance with their resolve of the third of February seventeen hundred and eighty-one; and the delegates of this state in congress are hereby authorized and instructed to consent to the most proper and effectual measures, consistent with the Confederation, for obtaining complete power to be vested in the United States for the purpose aforesaid.

P A R I S, October 3.

THE exchange of the signatures of the treaty, entered into between France and Holland, has actually taken place. Several couriers have passed for the Hague and Vienna during these few days.

They write from Toulouse, that an arret has been published by the council of state, which prohibits the exportation of French grain into the kingdom of Spain. It is not known what to attribute this prohibition to. It is said that the parliament of Toulouse oppose the execution of this arret, which will be very prejudicial to the trade of the inhabitants of Aude, Certe and Vendres.

L O N D O N, October 17.

They write from Petersburg, that the empress has signified a design of establishing an order of Russian ladies of quality, who are to be distinguished by wearing a gold cross enamelled, bearing the following inscription: "Prerogative of illustrious birth."

OS. 20. A very curious marriage was lately celebrated in Drury-lane, which strongly marks the progress of folly and dissipation.—A man of some considerable fortune was kept for a week in a bagnio in a state of intoxication, and became so infatuated, as to promise immediate marriage to one of the most common prostitutes of the place. Care was taken that he should be kept as devoid of reason as possible, until the business was finished, which was done with all the splendour of Old Drury. He gave a grand dinner to the mother abbess, and as many nuns as she pleased to invite—and thus a gentleman, who perhaps deserved a better fate, was hurried by intoxication and proportioned infatuation, into a life of shame and misery. Let the youth of spirit and intrigue read this, and learn to avoid those haunts, and that company, where the ambition is, to level all to the same standard of unhappiness, and debase human nature by the corrupt influence of its dregs!

B O S T O N, December 27.

The rapid strides that have been, and are now making, to rid this country of cash, is certainly a matter, says a correspondent, of a very serious nature. Near 20 barrels of dollars are said to have been exported in one vessel that lately sailed from this port. And were it not for the circulation of bank notes, &c. we should experience, in a great degree, the want of a necessary circulating medium.

Friday last a countryman stole a turkey from another countryman in the market, and after the thief was detected, and the owner got possession of his turkey, the culprit was made to set on a horse in the square for about ten minutes; in the midst of hundreds of spectators, in order that he might be known, preferable to his being carried before a magistrate.

N E W Y O R K, January 5.

By letters brought by the French packet we learn, that the empress of Russia has turned her thoughts towards establishing a trade to the East Indies from her dominions, which are more conveniently situated for that purpose than any other of the European states, and the passage much shorter; there are now two vessels building at Archangel, of 1000 tons burthen each, to be employed in that traffic, which if they meet with success, of which there is not the least doubt, that place will soon be resorted to by merchants from all parts of her imperial majesty's extensive territories. The empress is also about fitting out an expedition to go upon discoveries in the northern seas; that undertaken by captain Cook has roused them from their lethargy, and stimulated them to attempt something of the same nature, feeling that their extensive empire lies very convenient for penetrating towards the north, and surveying the western coast of America to its utmost extent, likewise the eastern coast of Asia. The expedition is to set off from Kamischatka, and particular orders given the commanders to avoid as much as possible the track of captain Cook or other circumnavigators, but to endeavour to explore new regions. Another expedition for the same purpose, is to go by land through the dreary wastes of Siberia, crossing the north of Europe, and bending their course towards the Southern Ocean. This extraordinary attempt is actually fixed upon for next July.

Jan. 23. Last Saturday afternoon arrived at his apartments in this city, his excellency Richard Henry Lee, Esq; member for the state of Virginia, and president of congress; a number of other gentlemen of that body, with Charles Thomson, Esq; secretary to the congress from its first institution. On landing every mark of deference and satisfaction on their safe arrival, was expressed by his excellency governor Clinton, his worship James Duane, Esq; our mayor, and the principal citizens present; a salute of thirteen guns was fired

from the battery on that cheerful occasion, which diffused a general joy through our city, consequent to the gracious decision of congress to hold their temporary sessions on the Hudson, in preference of every other sister state. And yesterday congress met at their apartments in the city hall, for the dispatch of public business.

Last Saturday was committed to the goal of this city, for piracy, a certain Burke, alias De Burke, a native of Dunkirk, of Irish extraction. He appears to be a thorough-paced villain, capable of every enormity. He was apprehended on the information of a person of this city, to whom he had, in an unguarded hour, developed the arcanes of his heart. He has made an ample confession, and we hope ere this, his accomplice, who was in Philadelphia, is properly secured. It appears by his confession, that he, (who acted as mate) and the captain, were the sole perpetrators of this iniquitous (not to say satanic) fraud; that while the merchant was ashore, at one of the West-India islands, they hoisted in their boat, and fell to leeward, where they put the hands on shore, as he says, (though it is conjectured they murdered the whole crew) and shaped their course for Baltimore, where they arrived safe, and disposed of vessel and cargo. Burke had come here with a view of taking his passage in the packet for France.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, January 15.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Virginia, dated Hofsien, November 22.

"Since my last, another letter has come to hand from Dr. Brooks, which makes it credible that there is something of importance in the discovery of the perpetual motion. I am told you are one of the philosophical society—Will it be worth their notice to attend to the subject, and offer a premium for the discovery? If found to be really useful, I, for my own part, would not be backward to subscribe handsomely, as I know it would be a means to raise the value of all real estates in the interior country, as soon as the machine becomes of general use."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Kentucky, to his friend in Hofsien, dated November, 1784.

"I can now assure you, that I have seen the machine which performs the perpetual motion. The whole manufacture will not weigh more than five or six pounds. I have not indeed seen it moving; because the author, having satisfied his own eyes with the certainty of it, displaced some parts of the machine, in order to make an amendment; but as sure as we live, the discovery is real. I have received such a view of the machine, and such an account of its connexion, that I can make it myself, and would stake my life upon the performance. I speak thus positively, lest you may be like some persons of my acquaintance, who look upon it as a matter incredible. It may be produced within a circle, four inches in diameter; and it may be extended to the diameter of one hundred feet or more; so that it must really perform wonders for the benefit of mankind. It will now make very little odds, in what part of the earth a man fixes his habitation. The conveniences, and even luxuries of life, will be equally diffused over every country.—I must now repeat my request to be favoured with such papers as you can procure in future respecting the balloon. The author of the perpetual motion, is going to join with me in attempting a new discovery, or a machine of peculiar construction, which will fly without some of the balloon's incumbrances, and upon a principle entirely new."

Tuesday the 4th instant, two boys were in a mill dam near Frankfort.—A man having occasion to go to the mill, took with him his son, a young lad, who, with the miller's son, went to slide on the ice, which must have broke; as their bodies were taken up soon after, having been carried down under the ice by the stream.

Extract of a letter from New-York, dated January 5, 1785.

"We have been most rationally entertained for these few weeks, by the edifying, as well as pleasing lectures, delivered by the famous Dr. Moyes, the blind philosopher, who may be esteemed, with justice, a wonderful prodigy of the age; he unites with the profound and enlightened philosopher, an elegant person, and a most entertaining companion in a private circle, defending gracefully from the sublimity of a philosopher to indifferent subjects.

"You will be honoured with his presence in your city in a week or two. I would advise you to caution your belles to fortify their hearts against the irresistible impressions of his magic charms. Indeed he possesses, beyond any man I have met, the power of insinuating himself into every heart.

"Our ladies are all turned philosophers—the moment ice begins to form in a tumbler, they are examining it to the manner of its chritalization—or if the room happens to smoke, the cause is directly investigated."

The Yacht Diligent, lately carried into Charleston, S. C. by the pilots of that port, mentioned in a former paper, proves to be the property of captain Francis Schlegel, and the following information relating to her, is given by the negroes found on board, viz, a negro man named Jack, a boy by the name of Tom, and a wench called Sally, who say, that their master (captain Francis Schlegel) was owner of the said yacht, and proceeded from Surinam to Demarara—that their master had sold some of his property in that island, and received the money—that in his voyage to Surinam, he went on shore on a desolate island, where he found two Frenchmen in distress, and upon the principle of humanity took them on board—that before they reached Surinam, the two Frenchmen took an opportunity to murder their master, and they in attempting to save him, were flung and cut in a most cruel manner—that after they had killed their master, and taken his money, which divided, they proceeded for Charleston, run into Bull's, and came to an anchor—that one of the Frenchmen went on shore at Sewee, and the other took the boat, and with one of the negroes came to that city.

Information of the above horrid murder being given to the judge of the admiralty, a warrant was issued by him to apprehend the perpetrators; and it is supposed that the Frenchman who came to town was apprized of his danger, and made his escape on board a Spanish brig, which sailed immediately after he embarked.

ANNAPOLIS, January 27.

On Saturday last the General Assembly of this State adjourned, the house of delegates to the 28th day of March, and the senate to the 1st Monday in November next, after having passed the following laws:

1. An act to appoint a trustee to take care of the person and property of George Shipley, senior, who is insane.
2. An act to establish a market at the market house in Chester-town, in Kent county, and for the regulation of the said market.
3. An act to direct the recording a deed from John Highhead and Anne his wife, to Richard Chew, of Anne-Arundel county.
4. An act to establish a road in Worcester county, from the Sinepuxent road to Walton Purnell and Annas Hodson's grist mill, and from thence to Freeman's branch.
5. An act to confirm a deed of bargain and sale made by John Cannon and Anne Cannon his wife, to Sarah Piger, of and in the lands and premises therein mentioned.
6. An act respecting the marriage of Henry Dickinson, of Caroline county.
7. An act to provide a permanent fund for the further encouragement and establishment of Washington college.
8. An act to confirm in Amos Garrett a title to a tract of land called Hazard Enlarged.
9. An act for the relief of Mary Cradgington and Elizabeth Topping.
10. A supplement to an act, entitled, An act for an election to determine at what place the court-house and prison of Harford county should be built.
11. An act for the benefit of Isabella Alexander and her children.
12. An act to naturalize major-general the marquis de la Fayette, and his heirs male for ever.
13. An act for the relief of Joseph Cresap, of Washington county.
14. An act to confirm the title of Edward Lloyd in and to a tract of land in Talbot county, called Soldier's Delight.
15. An act to prevent the obstruction of the navigation of the eastern and north-west branches of the river Patowmack.
16. An act to ascertain, establish, and perpetuate the bounds of the public grounds of Queen's-town.
17. An act to empower the justices of Montgomery county to assess and levy a sum of money on the inhabitants of said county, and for the purposes therein mentioned.
18. An act for underpinning and arching the court-house of Baltimore county, in Baltimore-town, and the extension of Calvert-street.
19. An act for the sale of the glebe land in Saint Mary Anne's parish, in Cecil county.
20. An act to invest James Rumsey with an exclusive privilege and benefit of making and selling new invented boats, on a model by him invented.
21. An act for recording a deed executed by Samuel Ewin, Mary Ewin, and William Ewin, to William Rogers, of Cecil county.
22. An act to enable Edward Lloyd, Esq; to record a deed from James and Blancy Edmondson, to Edward Lloyd, Esq; deceased, for a tract of land called Addition.
23. An act to authorise the delegates of this state in congress to consent to an alteration in the eighth of the articles of the confederation, and in its place to subscribe and ratify another.
24. An act for recording a deed from James Rumsey to John Carnan, of Cecil county.
25. An act for making valid a deed from George Lux, William Lyon, and James Dick, to Thomas J. Burling and James Shaw.
26. An act directing and empowering the administrators of Frederick Foreman, late of Queen Anne's county, to sell and dispose of part of a tract of land therein mentioned, and to apply the money arising therefrom.
27. An act for the relief of Duncan Campbell and James Burney, languishing prisoners in Talbot county jail.
28. An act to empower Henrietta Maria Walker and Isaac Walker, to sell a lot of ground and apply the money as therein mentioned.
29. An act concerning fugitive criminals.
30. An act to empower the justices of Washington county, to assess and levy a sum of money from the inhabitants of said county, for the purpose of finishing the building of their court house and prison.
31. An act to empower Elijah Merryman to demise the real estate therein mentioned.
32. An act to declare Joshua Johnson, merchant, his wife and children, citizens of this state.
33. An act for establishing a company for opening and extending the navigation of the river Patowmack.
34. A supplement to an act, entitled, an act to authorise and empower Robert Ballard, administrator of the goods and chattels, rights and credits, of Jonathan Plowman, late of Baltimore county, deceased, under ministered by Rebecca Plowman and David Arnold, his executors at the time of his decease, with the will of the said Jonathan Plowman annexed.
35. An act for the relief of Micajah Mitchell.
36. An act for the sale of a lot of ground in Baltimore-town, the property of Thomas Walley.
37. An act for founding a college on the western shore of this state, and constituting the same, together with Washington college on the eastern shore, into one university, by the name of The University of Maryland.
38. An act for the relief of Robert Long, of Baltimore county.
39. An act to empower the commissioners of Baltimore-town, to make a correct survey of the said town, and for other purposes therein mentioned.
40. An act to authorise the vestry and churchwardens of Coventry parish, to receive the money therein mentioned.
41. An act for the benefit of Eleanor and Charlotte Probert.
42. An act to enable the justices of Frederick county court, for the time being, to assess on the inhabitants of the said county, a sum of money for the uses therein mentioned.

43. An act to authorise and empower the justices of Thomas Williams, deceased, late collector of the tax and public dues in Prince-George's county, to complete the same.

44. An act to enable James Hunt to convey to William Deakins, junior, a lot of ground called Church of Scotland Lot, in exchange for other land.

45. An act for an addition to George-town, in Montgomery county.

46. A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to enable the commissioners of Baltimore-town, to open and widen Hanover-lane, in said town.

47. An act for the benefit of Anne Stevenson.

48. An act for the relief of Benjamin Garnett.

49. An act to enable the corporation of the city of Annapolis to lay a tax on property within the said city and the precincts, to regulate and license ordinaries and retailers of spirituous liquors within the said city and the precincts thereof.

50. An act for the relief of Peregrine Fitzhugh and Elizabeth his wife.

51. An act to enable Sarah Parran to dispose of certain lands, for the purposes therein mentioned.

52. An act for the relief of the securities of Simon Nichols, late collector of the public tax for Montgomery county.

53. An act for laying out a road to and from the mill-seat of Nicholas Randall, on the main falls of Patapco, Anne Arundel and Baltimore counties.

54. An act for altering the time of holding the courts in the counties therein mentioned.

55. An act to establish funds to secure the payment of the state debt within six years, and for the punctual payment of the annual interest thereon.

56. An act to raise the supplies for the year 1785.

57. An act for the relief of James Armstrong, of Baltimore county, and Robert Wood, of Frederick county, insolvent debtors.

58. An act to secure the payment and to give a recovery of money lent by foreigners, to citizens of this state, on mortgage of land.

59. An act to vest certain powers in the intendat of the revenue respecting Nanticoke manor.

60. An act for the benefit of Mary Fitzhugh, the wife of George Fitzhugh, of Baltimore county.

61. An act to regulate auctions in Baltimore town, in Baltimore county.

62. An act for establishing new markets, and building market houses in Baltimore-town, and for the regulation of said markets.

63. An act to authorise and empower the proprietors of Cranberry Swamp, in Harford county, to reclaim and drain the same.

64. A supplementary act to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the managers of Rack-creek school.

65. An act to limit the time for bringing in and settling claims against the state.

66. A supplement to the act for making the river Susquehanna navigable from the line of this state to tide water.

67. An act to invest congress with certain powers respecting the commerce of the United States.

68. An act to settle and pay the civil list, and other expenses of civil government.

69. An act for the establishment and regulation of a night watch, and the erection of lamps in Baltimore-town, in Baltimore county.

70. An act to appoint an intendat of the revenue.

71. An act to empower James Wignell to sell the real estate of John Ashburner, deceased, for the payment of his debts.

72. An act enabling the governor to exercise certain powers therein mentioned.

73. An act for the benefit of Thomas Bacon and James Bacon.

74. An act to repeal such part of the acts of assembly therein mentioned, as authorised Thomas Contee to collect the debts of William Mollenon, and of William and Robert Mollenon.

75. An act to authorise the issuing of grants for the lands therein mentioned.

76. A supplement to the act concerning the stock of the bank of England belonging to this state.

77. A supplement to the act to authorise the United States in Congress assembled, to impose and levy a duty of five per cent. on imported foreign goods, and all prizes and prize goods, for the payment of the debt contracted by Congress, during the war.

78. An act to provide a fund for the relief of the widows and children of the clergy of the protestant episcopal church in this state.

79. An act respecting the commerce of this state, to prevent frauds in the customs, and to direct the duty of naval officers, and to regulate the conduct of the masters and mariners of merchant vessels.

80. An act respecting the appointment of delegates to congress.

81. An act for the discovery of confiscated British property.

82. An act to empower Charles Stewart, administrator of John Bennett, to dispose of the real estate of said John Bennett, for the payment of his debts.

83. An act to continue the acts of assembly therein mentioned.

84. An act to impose duties on certain enumerated articles imported into and exported out of this state, and all other goods, wares, and merchandises, imported into this state.

85. A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to impose duties on certain enumerated articles imported into and exported out of this state, and all other goods, wares, and merchandises, imported into this state.

86. An act for the payment of the journal of accounts.

The legislature of the state of New-Jersey have passed an act, to empower Congress to levy the five per cent. impost, as soon as eleven states shall enact laws to the same purpose.

The late London papers make mention of one of their copper-works in South-Wales, which turns out 4000 tons of sheet-copper every year, consumes 100 chaldrons of sea-coal each day, employs 3500 workmen, and upwards of 90 fall of coaking vessels, constantly.

TICKETS in the Washington college LOTTERY to be sold at the Post-Office.

Annapolis, January 26, 1785.

FOR SALE,

FIFTY acres of good level wood land, on Rhode river, in Anne-Arundel county. For terms apply to THOMAS HARWOOD, in Annapolis.

To be SOLD,

For want of Employ,

A VERY valuable NEGRO MAN, about twenty years of age. The terms will be made known, by applying to the subscriber in Annapolis.

JAMES MACKUBIN.

Maryland, January 20, 1785.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

A SKILFUL architect, who can be well recommended, with a sufficient number of hands, to build a genteel country villa the ensuing summer; some money will be advanced, also bricks and lime, &c. will be furnished. A letter directed to the subscriber, in Prince-George's county, near Upper Marlborough, will be duly attended to.

ROBERT DARNALL.

LOST out of my pocket, about twelve weeks ago, a deprecation certificate, No. 2117, granted to John Burk, soldier of the Maryland line, for the sum of sixty pounds specie. Any person finding the same, upon producing it to the subscriber, living at George town, or William Campbell, at Annapolis, shall receive one guinea reward. All persons whatever are forewarned receiving the same, as it is my property. It is hoped that the treasurer will stop it, should it be offered to him in payment.

WILLIAM SAYLY.

BY virtue of a law passed this present session, for altering the time for holding the courts, notice is hereby given, That Saint Mary's county court will be held on the Monday before the fourth Tuesday in March, and on the Mondays before the first Tuesdays in June and September.

Charles county court, on the Monday before the first Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the second Tuesdays in June and September.

Prince George's county, on the Monday before the second Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the fourth Tuesdays in June and September.

Calvert county, on the Monday before the third Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the third Tuesdays in June and September.

Cecil county, on the Monday before the second Tuesdays in March, June, and October.

Talbot county, on the Monday before the first Tuesdays in March, June, and November. 2

THE subscriber has by him a few suits of cloaths, of exceeding good quality, which were imported for the use of the army, and will sell them extremely cheap, for ready cash, wheat, corn, or oats, at the market price, delivered at Annapolis.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

November 29, 1784.

RAN away from the subscriber, living on Patuxent river, in St. Mary's county, a young negro man named CLEM, but often calls himself Clem Hill; he is a short fellow, about five feet seven inches high, remarkably bow legged, bold, impudent and insinuating in his manner, and affects to be very complaisant; it is probable he may attempt to pass for a free man; had on when he went away a blue jacket, white cloth breeches, a pair of new shoes with large plated buckles, but may have changed his apparel, as he is exceedingly artful and very sensible. Whoever takes him up so that his owner may get him again, if in this state, shall have twenty dollars, if out of the state thirty dollars, paid by

GEORGE PLATER.

FOUND on the western side of Kent Island, on the 23d of December 1784, a BOAT about sixteen feet keel, clined work, with a white bottom, marked on her stern ARTHUR. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

JOHN SLANEY.

To be SOLD, for want of employ, **A** HEALTHY, young, NEGRO wench, who has been used to household and kitchen work from a child, and has had the small-pox. Enquire of the printers. 22

LOST,

On Wednesday, January 12, 1785.

By GERARD CROWN,

Near Patuxent river, in Prince-George's county.

A CERTIFICATE, dated September 19, 1782, in favour of Francis Clements, of Montgomery county, for £.69 10 3 specie. The person who has found the same shall receive a reward of twelve dollars on delivering it to the subscriber.

FRANCIS CLEMENTS.

shall be wholly valued to such tenants; and land assigned to and held by tenant in dower, shall be assessed to such tenant; and where divers persons have particular estates or interests carved out of the same inheritance (as for years, with a reversion or remainder for life or in fee), a just computation thereof shall be made in proportion to the value of their particular interests therein, so that added together they shall amount to the full value of such lands, estimated agreeable to the directions of this act; in which computation, the length of the term for years, the age and health of the tenant for life, and the chance of the reversion, shall be considered.

And be it enacted, That the commissioners of the tax shall, at their first meeting, or within ten days thereafter, appoint the sheriff, or such person as they may judge most proper, to be collector of the tax in their county; and the person so appointed shall appear before the commissioners (within five days after notice of his appointment) and in their presence enter into bond, with good and sufficient securities, such as they shall approve, in double the sum to be collected, with condition, "That if the above bound ——— shall well and faithfully execute and perform the several duties required of him as collector of the tax for ——— county, according to law, then the above obligation to be void, else to remain in full force;" and the commissioners shall witness the execution of such bond, and immediately thereafter transmit the same to the clerk of the county court, who shall record the same and transmit the original to the clerk of the general court, who shall also forthwith record the same, and immediately thereafter deliver the original to the register of the chancery court, to be by him safely kept in the chancery office; and an attested copy of either of the said records shall be as good evidence in law, as if the said bond was actually produced and proved in court; and any person appointed a collector, who shall, after notice of his appointment, neglect to appear, not having a reasonable excuse in the judgment of the commissioners, or appearing shall refuse to take upon him the office of collector, or shall refuse or neglect to give bond as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay fifty pounds current money, and the commissioners of the tax may also, in their discretion, remove any collector from his office, and shall, immediately on any vacancy, by death or removal, or by refusal to act, neglect to appear, or to give bond as aforesaid, appoint some other collector, who shall be subject to the same penalty, in case of neglect or refusal, until a proper collector can be procured for such county.

And be it enacted, That the collector or his deputy shall, on the request of any person charged, or on the request of any person offering to pay for any person charged, shew to the person so applying the certificate given by the commissioners of such charge, and if required give him a copy thereof; and if it shall appear to any collector, that any person shall reside in any other district of his county than that in which his property shall be valued, it is hereby declared to be the duty of such collector, to enter such assessment under the district where such person shall reside; and if it shall appear to any collector, that any person whose property shall be valued in his county shall not reside therein, it is hereby declared to be the duty of such collector to make diligent inquiry where such person shall live, and he shall, if known, transmit to the collector of the county where such person shall reside, a copy of the valuation made on the property of such person in his county, and such collector, on receipt thereof, shall enter the same under the district where such person shall reside, and collect the same.

And be it enacted, That the commissioners aforesaid shall and may divide their respective counties into convenient districts, containing not less than one or more than three entire hundreds; and the said collector, with the approbation of the said commissioners, shall appoint a deputy in each district, for whom he shall be answerable.

And be it enacted, That the commissioners shall, on or before the first Monday in June next, make out and deliver to the collectors an alphabetical list of the persons in each district chargeable for the property therein, the amount of the valuation of each person's property respectively, as made or corrected by them, expressing the sum to be paid thereon by this act.

And be it enacted, That every person shall, on or before the first day of October next, pay to the collector of the county, or his deputy in the district where his property was valued, the assessment imposed by this act, in current money or continental bank notes.

And, Whereas congress have agreed to discount one fourth part of their requisitions in continental loan-office certificates for interest due on their domestic debt, *Be it enacted,* That every person rated and taxed as herein before directed, upon paying three fourths of one half of the tax imposed by this act in specie or bank notes aforesaid, may discount one eighth part of his rate or tax in such continental loan-office certificates for interest, as congress, by their resolution of the twenty-eighth of April seventeen hundred and eighty-four, have directed and agreed to take in part of their requisitions aforesaid.

And be it enacted, That where any person, whose property is chargeable with the rate by this act imposed, shall be under the age of twenty-one years, if the parent or guardian of such infant shall make payment, the same shall be allowed him in his account with such infant.

And be it enacted, That if an executor or administrator shall have any personal estate of the deceased in his hands, chargeable with the assessment imposed by this act, he may inform the assessor, and on payment of the rate, the receipt of the collector shall be sufficient evidence to discharge such executor or administrator for the sum by him paid.

[To be concluded in our next.]

A Supplement to the A. C. T. to authorize the United States in Congress assembled to impose and levy a duty of five per cent. on imported foreign goods, and all prizes and prize goods, for the payment of the debt contracted by Congress during the war.

Be it enacted, by the general Assembly of Maryland, That the said act shall be in force, and the powers thereby vested in the United States in Congress assembled shall take place, and may be exercised, as soon as twelve states, including this state, shall vest the United States in Congress assembled with power and authority to lay and collect the duty in the said act mentioned, for such time and upon such terms as the United States in Congress assembled shall accept as a substantial compliance with their resolve of the third of February seventeen hundred and eighty-one; and the delegates of this state in congress are hereby authorized and instructed to consent to the most proper and effectual measures, consistent with the Confederation, for obtaining complete power to be vested in the United States for the purpose aforesaid.

PARIS, October 3.

THE exchange of the signatures of the treaty, entered into between France and Holland, has actually taken place. Several couriers have passed for the Hague and Vienna during these few days.

They write from Toulouse, that an arret has been published by the council of state, which prohibits the exportation of French grain into the kingdom of Spain. It is not known what to attribute this prohibition to. It is said that the parliament of Toulouse oppose the execution of this arret, which will be very prejudicial to the trade of the inhabitants of Aude, Certe and Vendres.

LONDON, October 17.

They write from Petersburg, that the empress has signified a design of establishing an order of Russian ladies of quality, who are to be distinguished by wearing a gold cross enamelled, bearing the following inscription: "Prerogative of illustrious birth."

OS. 20. A very curious marriage was lately celebrated in Drury-lane, which strongly marks the progress of folly and dissipation.—A man of some considerable fortune was kept for a week in a bagnio in a state of intoxication, and became so infatuated, as to promise immediate marriage to one of the most common prostitutes of the place. Care was taken that he should be kept as devoid of reason as possible, until the business was finished, which was done with all the splendour of Old Drury. He gave a grand dinner to the mother abbess, and as many nuns as she pleased to invite—and thus a gentleman, who perhaps deserved a better fate, was hurried by intoxication and proportioned infatuation, into a life of shame and misery. Let the youth of spirit and intrigue read this, and learn to avoid those haunts, and that company, where the ambition is, to level all to the same standard of unhappiness, and debase human nature by the corrupt influence of its dregs!

BOSTON, December 27.

The rapid strides that have been, and are now making, to rid this country of cash, is certainly a matter, says a correspondent, of a very serious nature. Near so barrels of dollars are said to have been exported in one vessel that lately sailed from this port. And were it not for the circulation of bank notes, &c. we should experience, in a great degree, the want of a necessary circulating medium.

Friday last a countryman stole a turkey from another countryman in the market, and after the thief was detected, and the owner got possession of his turkey, the culprit was made to set on a horse in the square for about ten minutes, in the midst of hundreds of spectators, in order that he might be known, preferable to his being carried before a magistrate.

NEW-YORK, January 3.

By letters brought by the French packet we learn, that the empress of Russia has turned her thoughts towards establishing a trade to the East-Indies from her dominions, which are more conveniently situated for that purpose than any other of the European states, and the passage much shorter; there are now two vessels building at Archangel, of 1000 tons burthen each, to be employed in that traffic, which if they meet with success, of which there is not the least doubt, that place will soon be resorted to by merchants from all parts of her imperial majesty's extensive territories. The empress is also about fitting out an expedition to go upon discoveries in the northern seas; that undertaken by captain Cook has roused them from their lethargy, and stimulated them to attempt something of the same nature, seeing that their extensive empire lies very convenient for penetrating towards the north, and surveying the western coast of America to its utmost extent, likewise the eastern coast of Asia. The expedition is to set off from Kamtschatka, and particular orders given the commanders to avoid as much as possible the track of captain Cook or other circumnavigators; but to endeavour to explore new regions. Another expedition for the same purpose, is to go by land through the dreary wastes of Siberia, crossing the north of Europe, and bending their course towards the southern Ocean. This extraordinary attempt is actually fixed upon for next July.

Jan. 25. Last Saturday afternoon arrived at his apartments in this city, his excellency Richard Henry Lee, Esq; member for the state of Virginia, and president of congress; a number of other gentlemen of that body, with Charles Thomson, Esq; secretary to the congress from its first institution. On landing every mark of deference and satisfaction on their safe arrival, was expressed by his excellency governor Clinton, his worship James Duane, Esq; our mayor, and the principal citizens present; a salute of thirteen guns was fired

from the battery on that cheerful occasion, which diffused a general joy through our city, consequent to the gracious decision of congress to hold their temporary sessions on the Hudson, in preference of every other place.

And yesterday congress met at their apartments in the city hall, for the dispatch of public business. Last Saturday was committed to the gall of this city, for piracy, a certain Burke, alias De Burke, a native of Dunkirk, of Irish extraction. He appears to be a thorough-paced villain, capable of every enormity. He was apprehended on the information of a person of this city, to whom he had, in an unguarded hour, developed the arcanes of his heart. He has made an ample confession, and we hope ere this, his accomplice, who was in Philadelphia, is properly secured. It appears by his confession, that he (who acted as mate) and the captain, were the sole perpetrators of this iniquitous (not to say satanic) fraud; that while the merchant was ashore, at one of the West-India islands, they hoisted in their boat, and fell to leeward, where they put the hands on shore, as he says, (though it is conjectured they murdered the whole crew) and shaped their course for Baltimore, where they arrived safe, and disposed of vessel and cargo. Burke had come here with a view of taking his passage in the packet for France.

PHILADELPHIA, January 15.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Virginia, dated Halifax, November 22.

"Since my last, another letter has come to hand from Dr. Brooks, which makes it credible that there is something of importance in the discovery of the perpetual motion. I am told you are one of the philosophical society—Will it be worth their notice to attend to the subject, and offer a premium for the discovery? I found to be really useful, I, for my own part, would not be backward to subscribe handsomely, as I know it would be a means to raise the value of all real estates in the interior country, as soon as the machine becomes of general use."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Kentucky, to his friend in Holstein, dated November, 1784.

"I can now assure you, that I have seen the machine which performs the perpetual motion. The whole manufacture will not weigh more than five or six pounds. I have not indeed seen it moving; because the author, having satisfied his own eyes with the certainty of it, displaced some parts of the machine, in order to make an amendment; but as sure as we live, the discovery is real. I have received such a view of the machine, and such an account of its connexion, that I can make it myself, and would stake my life upon the performance. I speak thus positively, lest you may be like some persons of my acquaintance, who look upon it as a matter incredible. It may be produced within a circle, four inches in diameter; and it may be extended to the diameter of one hundred feet or more; so that it must really perform wonders for the benefit of mankind. It will now make very little odds, in what part of the earth a man fixes his habitation. The conveniences, and even luxuries of life, will be equally diffused over every country.—I must now repeat my request to be favoured with such papers as you can procure in future respecting the balloon. The author of the perpetual motion, is going to join with me, in attempting a new discovery, or a machine of peculiar construction, which will fly without some of the balloon's incumbrances, and upon a principle entirely new."

Tuesday the 4th instant, two boys were in a mill-dam near Frankfort.—A man having occasion to go to the mill, took with him his son, a young lad, who, with the miller's son, went to slide on the ice, which much have broke, as their bodies were taken up soon after, having been carried down under the ice by the stream.

Extract of a letter from New-York, dated January 3, 1785.

"We have been most rationally entertained for these few weeks, by the edifying, as well as pleasing lectures, delivered by the famous Dr. Moyes, the blind philosopher, who may be reckoned, with justice, a wonderful prodigy of the age; he unites with the profound and enlightened philosopher, an elegant person, and a most entertaining companion in a private circle, descending gracefully from the sublimity of a philosopher to indifferent subjects."

"You will be honoured with his presence in your city in a week or two. I would advise you to caution your bellies to fortify their hearts against the irresistible impressions of his magic charms. Indeed he possesses, beyond any man I have met, the power of insinuating himself into every heart."

"Our ladies are all turned philosophers—the moment ice begins to form in a tumbler, they are examining into the manner of its crystallization—or if the room happens to smother, the cause is directly investigated."

The Yacht Diligent, lately carried into Charleston, S. C. by the pilots of that port, mentioned in a former paper, proves to be the property of captain Francis Schlegel, and the following information relating to her, is given by the negroes found on board, viz. a negro-man named Jack, a boy by the name of Toin, and a wench called Sally, who say, that their master (captain Francis Schlegel) was owner of the said yacht, and proceeded from Surinam to Demarara—that their master had sold one of his property in that island, and received the money—that in his voyage to Surinam, he went on shore on a desolate island, where he found two Frenchmen in distress, and upon the principle of humanity took them on board—that before they reached Surinam, the two Frenchmen took an opportunity to murder their master, and they in attempting to save him, were stabbed and cut in a most cruel manner—that after they had killed their master, and taken his money, which divided, they proceeded for Charleston, run into Hatter's, and came to an anchor—that one of the Frenchmen went on shore at Sewer, and the other took the boat, and with one of the negroes came to that city.

Information of the above horrid murder being given to the judge of the admiralty, a warrant was issued by him to apprehend the perpetrators; and it is supposed that the Frenchman who came to town was apprized of his danger, and made his escape on board a Spanish brig that sailed immediately after.

ANNAPOLIS, January 27.

On Saturday last the General Assembly of this State assembled, the House of Delegates in the City of Annapolis, and the Senate in the City of Annapolis, after having called the following bills:

1. An act to amend a certain act of the General Assembly, passed in the year 1783, relative to the property of George Shipley, senior, who is insane.
2. An act to establish a market at the market house in Annapolis, in Kent county, and for the regulation of the said market.
3. An act to direct the recording a deed from John Blackhead and Anne his wife, to Richard Chew, of Anne Arundel county.
4. An act to establish a road in Worcester county, from the sinecure road to Walton Fennell and Annapolis, to the grist mill, and from thence to Freeman's branch.
5. An act to confirm a deed of bargain and sale made by John Cannon and Anne Cannon his wife, to Sarah Piger, of and in the lands and premises therein mentioned.
6. An act respecting the marriage of Henry Dickinson, of Calverton county.
7. An act to provide a permanent fund for the further encouragement and establishment of Washington college.
8. An act to confirm in Amos Garrett a title to a tract of land called Hazard Enlarged.
9. An act for the relief of Mary Cradgington and Elizabeth Topping.
10. A supplement to an act, entitled, An act for an election to determine at what place the court-house and prison of Harford county should be built.
11. An act for the benefit of Isabella Alexander and her children.
12. An act to naturalize major-general the marquis de la Fayette, and his heirs male for ever.
13. An act for the relief of Joseph Cresap, of Washington county.
14. An act to confirm the title of Edward Lloyd in and to a tract of land in Talbot county, called soldier's Delight.
15. An act to prevent the obstruction of the navigation of the eastern and north-west branches of the river Patowmack.
16. An act to ascertain, establish, and perpetuate the bounds of the public grounds of Queen's-town.
17. An act to empower the justices of Montgomery county to assess and levy a sum of money on the inhabitants of said county, and for the purposes therein mentioned.
18. An act for underpinning and arping the court-house of Baltimore county, in Baltimore-town, and the extension of Calvert-street.
19. An act for the sale of the glebe land in Saint Mary Anne's parish, in Cecil county.
20. An act to invest James Rumley with an exclusive privilege and benefit of making and selling new invented boats, on a model by him invented.
21. An act for recording a deed executed by Samuel Ewin, Mary Ewin, and William Ewin, to William Rogers, of Cecil county.
22. An act to enable Edward Lloyd, Esq; to record a deed from James and Blancy Edmondson, to Edward Lloyd, Esq; deceased, for a tract of land called Addition.
23. An act to authorise the delegates of this state in congress to consent to an alteration in the eighth of the articles of the confederation, and in its place to subscribe and ratify another.
24. An act for recording a deed from James Rumley to John Carnan, of Cecil county.
25. An act for making valid a deed from George Lux, William Lyon, and James Dick, to Thomas J. Burling and James Shaw.
26. An act directing and empowering the administrators of Frederick Foreman, late of Queen Anne's county, to sell and dispose of part of a tract of land therein mentioned, and to apply the money arising therefrom.
27. An act for the relief of Duncan Campbell and James Burney, languishing prisoners in Talbot county jail.
28. An act to empower Henrietta Maria Walker and Isaac Walker, to sell a lot of ground and apply the money as therein mentioned.
29. An act concerning fugitive criminals.
30. An act to empower the justices of Washington county, to assess and levy a sum of money from the inhabitants of said county, for the purpose of finishing the building of their court house and prison.
31. An act to empower Elijah Merryman to demise the real estate therein mentioned.
32. An act to declare Joshua Johnson, merchant, his wife and children, citizens of this state.
33. An act for establishing a company for opening and extending the navigation of the river Patowmack.
34. A supplement to an act, entitled, an act to authorise and empower Robert Ballard, administrator of the goods and chattels, rights and credits, of Jonathan Plowman, late of Baltimore county, deceased, unpaid, ministered by Rebecca Plowman and David Arnold, his executors at the time of his decease, with the will of the said Jonathan Plowman annexed.
35. An act for the relief of Miesjah Mitchell.
36. An act for the sale of a lot of ground in Baltimore-town, the property of Thomas Walley.
37. An act for founding a college on the western shore of this state, and constituting the same, together with Washington college on the eastern shore, into one university, by the name of The University of Maryland.
38. An act for the relief of Robert Long, of Baltimore county.
39. An act to empower the commissioners of Baltimore-town, to make a correct survey of the said town, and for other purposes therein mentioned.
40. An act to authorise the vestry and churchwardens of Coventry parish, to receive the money therein mentioned.
41. An act for the benefit of Eleanor and Charlotte Fox.
42. An act to enable the justices of Frederick county court, for the time being, to assess on the inhabitants of the said county, a sum of money for the uses therein mentioned.

43. An act to authorise and empower the justices of Thomas Williams, deceased, late collector of the tax and public dues in Prince-George's county, to compound the same.
44. An act to enable James Hunt to convey to William Blackkins, junior, a lot of ground called Church of Scotland Lot, in exchange for other land.
45. An act for an addition to George-town, in Montgomery county.
46. A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to enable the commissioners of Baltimore-town, to open and widen Hanover-lane, in said town.
47. An act for the benefit of Anne Stevenson.
48. An act for the relief of Benjamin Garnett.
49. An act to enable the corporation of the city of Annapolis to lay a tax on property within the said city and the precincts, to regulate and license ordingians and retailers of spirituous liquors within the said city and the precincts thereof.
50. An act for the relief of Peregrine Fitzhugh and Elizabeth his wife.
51. An act to enable Sarah Parran to dispose of certain lands, for the purposes therein mentioned.
52. An act for the relief of the securities of Simon Nichols, late collector of the public tax for Montgomery county.
53. An act for laying out a road to and from the mill-seat of Nicholas Randall, on the main falls of Patapco, Anne Arundel and Baltimore counties.
54. An act for altering the time of holding the courts in the counties therein mentioned.
55. An act to establish funds to secure the payment of the state debt within six years, and for the punctual payment of the annual interest thereon.
56. An act to raise the supplies for the year 1785.
57. An act for the relief of James Armstrong, of Baltimore county, and Robert Wood, of Frederick county, insolvent debtors.
58. An act to secure the payment and to give a recovery of money lent by foreigners, to citizens of this state, on mortgage of land.
59. An act to vest certain powers in the intendant of the revenue respecting Nanticoke manor.
60. An act for the benefit of Mary Fitzhugh, the wife of George Fitzhugh, of Baltimore county.
61. An act to regulate auctions in Baltimore town, in Baltimore county.
62. An act for establishing new markets, and building market houses in Baltimore-town, and for the regulation of said markets.
63. An act to authorise and empower the proprietors of Cranberry Swamp, in Harford county, to reclaim and drain the same.
64. A supplementary act to the act, entitled, An act to incorporate the managers of Rack-creek school.
65. An act to limit the time for bringing in and settling claims against the state.
66. A supplement to the act for making the river Susquehanna navigable from the line of this state to tide water.
67. An act to invest congress with certain powers respecting the commerce of the United States.
68. An act to settle and pay the civil list, and other expences of civil government.
69. An act for the establishment and regulation of a night watch, and the erection of lamps in Baltimore-town, in Baltimore county.
70. An act to appoint an intendant of the revenue.
71. An act to empower James Wignell to sell the real estate of John Amburner, deceased, for the payment of his debts.
72. An act enabling the governor to exercise certain powers therein mentioned.
73. An act for the benefit of Thomas Bacon and James Bacon.
74. An act to repeal such part of the acts of assembly therein mentioned, as authorised Thomas Contee to collect the debts of William Mollenon, and of William and Robert Mollenon.
75. An act to authorise the issuing of grants for the lands therein mentioned.
76. A supplement to the act concerning the stock of the bank of England belonging to this state.
77. A supplement to the act to authorise the United States in Congress assembled, to impose and levy a duty of five per cent. on imported foreign goods, and all prizes and prize goods, for the payment of the debt contracted by Congress, during the war.
78. An act to provide a fund for the relief of the widows and children of the clergy of the protestant episcopal church in this state.
79. An act respecting the commerce of this state, to prevent frauds in the customs, and to direct the duty of naval officers, and to regulate the conduct of the masters and mariners of merchant vessels.
80. An act respecting the appointment of delegates to congress.
81. An act for the discovery of confiscated British property.
82. An act to empower Charles Stewart, administrator of John Bennett, to dispose of the real estate of said John Bennett, for the payment of his debts.
83. An act to continue the acts of assembly therein mentioned.
84. An act to impose duties on certain enumerated articles imported into and exported out of this state, and all other goods, wares, and merchandises, imported into this state.
85. A supplement to an act, entitled, An act to impose duties on certain enumerated articles imported into and exported out of this state, and all other goods, wares, and merchandises, imported into this state.
86. An act for the payment of the journal of accounts.

The legislature of the state of New-Jersey have passed an act, to empower Congress to levy the five per cent. impost, as soon as eleven states shall enact laws to the same purpose.

The late London papers make mention of one of their copper-works in South-Wales, which turns out 2000 tons of sheet-copper every year, consumes 100 chaldrons of sea-coal each day, employs 2500 workmen, and upwards of 90 sail of coasting vessels, constantly.

TICKETS in the Washington college LOTTERY to be sold at the Post-Office.

Annapolis, January 26, 1785.

FOR SALE,
FIFTY acres of good level wood land, on Rhode river, in Anne Arundel county. For terms apply to THOMAS HARWOOD, in Annapolis.

To be SOLD,
For want of Employ,
A VERY valuable NEGRO MAN, about twenty years of age. The terms will be made known, by applying to the subscriber in Annapolis.
JAMES MACKUBIN.

Maryland, January 20, 1785.
WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
A SKILFUL architect, who can be well recommended, with a sufficient number of hands, to build a genteel country villa the ensuing summer; some money will be advanced, also bricks and lime, &c. will be furnished. A letter directed to the subscriber, in Prince-George's county, near Upper Marlborough, will be duly attended to.
ROBERT DARNALL.

LOST out of my pocket, about twelve weeks ago, a depreciation certificate, No. 3117, granted to John Burk, soldier of the Maryland line, for the sum of sixty pounds specie. Any person finding the same, upon producing it to the subscriber, living at George town, or William Campbell, at Annapolis, shall receive one guinea reward. All persons whatever are forewarned receiving the same, as it is my property. It is hoped that the treasurer will stop it, should it be offered to him in payment.
WILLIAM BAYLY.

BY virtue of a law passed this present session, for altering the time for holding the courts, notice is hereby given, That Saint Mary's county court will be held on the Monday before the fourth Tuesday in March, and on the Mondays before the first Tuesdays in June and September.
Charles county court, on the Monday before the first Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the second Tuesdays in June and September.
Prince George's county, on the Monday before the second Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the fourth Tuesdays in June and September.
Calvert county, on the Monday before the third Tuesday in April, and on the Mondays before the third Tuesdays in June and September.
Cecil county, on the Monday before the second Tuesdays in March, June, and October.
Talbot county, on the Monday before the first Tuesdays in March, June, and November.

THE subscriber has by him a few suits of cloaths, of exceeding good quality, which were imported for the use of the army, and will sell them extremely cheap, for ready cash, wheat, corn, or oats, at the market price, delivered at Annapolis.
WILLIAM CAMPBELL.

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.
November 29, 1784.
RAN away from the subscriber, living on Patuxent river, in St. Mary's county, a young negro man named CLEM, but often calls himself Clem Hill; he is a short fellow, about five feet seven inches high, remarkably bow legged, bold, impudent and insouciant in his manner, and affects to be very complaisant; it is probable he may attempt to pass for a free man; had on when he went away a blue jacket, white cloth breeches, a pair of new shoes with large plated buckles, but may have changed his apparel, as he is exceedingly artful and very sensible. Whoever takes him up so that his owner may get him again, if in this state, shall have twenty dollars, if out of the state thirty dollars, paid by
GEORGE PLATER.

FOUND on the western side of Kent Island, on the 23d of December 1784, a BOAT about sixteen feet keel, clined work, with a white bottom, marked on her stern ARTHUR. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.
JOHN SLANEY.

To be SOLD, for want of employ,
A HEALTHY, young, NEGRO wench, who has been used to household and kitchen work from a child, and has had the small-pox. Enquire of the printers.

LOST,
On Wednesday, January 12, 1785, By GERARD CROWN, Near Patuxent river, in Prince-George's county, A CERTIFICATE, dated September 16, 1782, in favour of Francis Clements, of Montgomery county, for £. 60 10 5 specie. The person who has found the same shall receive a reward of twelve dollars on delivering it to the subscriber.
FRANCIS CLEMENTS.

A LIST of Letters remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day or April next, will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters.

DR. ADERTON, Port-Tobacco; George Atkwith, St. Mary's county; John McKeel, A. derfon, Dorset county; Peregrine Aique, Annapolis.

Edmund Brice (2), Miss Brice, James Brice, Sarah Ball, Dr. Horatio Belt, Annapolis; Thomas Blanchard (2), Port-Tobacco; Martha Brown, Queen-Anne's county; Andrew Bailie, Nanjemoy; captain James Bearey, Choptank river; John Brown, Vienna.

Robert Cruikshank, Robert Currey, Benjamin Chamber, Chester-town; general Cadwalader, Charles Carroll, Esq; Robert Clark, Richard Clark, John H. Clayton, Annapolis; Andrew Gravenreat, Colesberry, Chaptico; John Craggs, London town; Pearson Chapman, Pamunkey; Richard Bennett Carmichael, Wye river; Samuel Cgabtree, St. Michael's river.

John Davidson (2), Mary Dulany, Annapolis. Benjamin Earle, John Earle, Queen-Anne's county.

Margaret Finlason, Francis Fairbrother, Annapolis; William Fitzhugh (2), Mount Washington; Philip Feddeman, Queen-Anne's county; Ignatius Fenwick, Maryland; Mr. Ferrin, Hunting-creek.

Thomas Graham, Charles Gafoway, Annapolis; Samuel Gault, Port-Tobacco; William Greenwood, Queen-Anne's county; rev. George Goldie, Wi-comies river; James Gordon, Vienna.

Mrs. Hefelius (3), Mr. Herrin, Hugh Harkin, George Harrison, Charlotte Hefelius, Eliftha Hopkins (2), Annapolis; Thomas Hunter, Oxford; William Hambleton, Talbot county; Ignatius Heydah, Leonard town; Robert Harrison, Cambridge; Nicholas Hammond, Dorchester county; Thomas B. Hands, Chester-town; James Hollyday, Sarah Hall, Edward Hall, jun. Queen-Anne's county; William Hockirk, Prince-George's county.

Johnston and Hall (2), John N. Jordan, Robert Isabell, Annapolis; Daniel Jenifer, jun. Port-Tobacco; Mrs. Johns, Frederick-town.

David Kerr, Annapolis; Emanuel Kent, Queen-Anne's county; William Kirkpatrick, Charles county.

Monf. Larocbe, Annapolis; Edward Legg, Prince-George's county; James Lyon, Lower Marlborough; Charles Llewellyn, St. Mary's county; Robert Leiper, Maryland.

Thomas D. Merrick (2), Richard Moale, Legh Malter, Annapolis; William McGill, Joseph Messenger, Mr. Merimon, St. Mary's county; James M'Clein, George Mann, Kent county; John Montgomerie, John Mather, Talbot county; Joseph Maynard, West river.

Charles Porter, Edmund Plowden, William Prew, Annapolis; Henry Pile (2), Charles county; Edward Parkinson, eastern shore; Charles Price, Queen-Anne's county; John Portt, Great Choptank. James Ratchin, Port-Tobacco.

General Smallwood, John Stone, Thomas Sandford, Charles county; James Shaw, James Steele, Dorchester county; Sheddon and Sellers, John Singleton, Talbot county; William and Nicholas Slubey, Chester-town; Dr. Stewart (2), Mr. Sibell, Annapolis; Stephen Steward (3), West river.

Brian Taylor, Leonard's-creek; Richard Tue, Herring-bay; Joseph Thompson, Charles county; David Tate (2), Fort Cumberland; Robert Tuite, Queen-Anne's county; Philip Thomas (2), West river.

William Willatt, Prince-George's county; Singleton Wootton, Queen-Anne; Jesse Wharton, St. Mary's county; Burton Whetcroft, Margaret White, Annapolis; Mr. Wordsley, Port-Tobacco; captain Planner Williams, Somerset county; William Wakely, Robert Watts, Patuxent; John Weems, Calvert county; Alexander White, Benedict; Richard Willson, Queen-Anne's county; Conrad Wederstrand.

3X P. GREEN, D. P. M.

Prince-George's county, December 17, 1784. To be SOLD to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 15th day of February next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the house of Samuel Dove,

ABOUT four hundred and fifty acres of land, lying in the county aforesaid, about four miles from Alexandria; the said land hath plenty of timber, excellent water, and good improvements, with a good apple orchard, and other kinds of fruit. The premises may be seen any time before the day of sale by applying to the subscriber. Extensive credit will be given for the greatest part of the purchase money on giving bond on interest with approved security, to

HENRY HUMFREY.

L O T S
IN THE CITY OF ANNAPOLIS
To be SOLD on CREDIT.

Dec. 30, 1784. **4X T. Stone.**

ANNAPOLIS Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the Post-Office, Charles-Street.

Baltimore November 3, 1784.

TO BE RENTED,

A VALUABLE plantation, five miles from Annapolis, situated on navigable water, on which is a very convenient dwelling house, with out-houses, suitable for a farmer or planter; on this place there are also, an apple and peach orchard, sundry good springs very convenient; the land good, and will produce good crops of small grain or tobacco. For terms apply to the subscribers in Calvert Street Baltimore.

RICHARD BURLAND.

Annapolis, December 22, 1784.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the ship *Willink Tom*, and to be sold by the subscriber, at his store on the Dock, by wholesale or retail.

AN assortment of goods suitable to the season, on low terms; for cash, bills of exchange, tobacco, wheat, corn, flax seed, pork, any kind of state money, or liquidated certificates at their pining value. He has a good assortment of wet goods, and intends keeping a quantity by him, for wholesale or retail, viz. old cane spirits, West-India and New-England rum, wine of different qualities, French brandy, Holland's gin, loaf, mulcovado, and Havana sugar, tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper, fig blue, snuff, &c. &c. He has now a few pipes of old Madeira and sherry wine.

JAMES WILLIAMS.

N. B. Also for sale, two young negro women and two children, one a good house wench, about twenty years of age, has two children, one three the other one year old; the other wench about fifteen years old, stout and strong, fit for any kind of labour; with a good plantation horse cart, for cash, &c. as above.

Just imported, and to be SOLD at the Post-office,

A FEW elegant SPRING CLOCKS, in mahogany, black ornamental, and japan'd cases.

St Mary's county, November 4, 1784.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro by the name of BOB, who says he belongs to one Frederick Hearn, of the state of Virginia, and lives in Norfolk; had on a pair of striped check trousers, a small round hat, coarse linen shirt, and an old spotted coat; he is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high. The owner is desired to pay charges and take him away.

SAMUEL ABELL, sheriff.

To the gentlemen late officers in the Maryland line of the army.

THE assistant commisser appointed to liquidate the accounts of the Maryland line of the army, after every attempt to collect the papers necessary to enable him to effect the business, finds the muster-rolls for the year 1781 missing. His not having the pleasure of their personal acquaintance, and being ignorant of their places of residence, compels him to this method of soliciting all officers late commanders of regiments, companies, and others who have the muster rolls (or roll) of the Maryland troops for that year in possession (or have any knowledge where they are or were deposited) that they would be kind enough to transmit them to him at the city of Annapolis by the earliest opportunity, or be pleased to communicate such information on the subject as may appear necessary.

J. WHITE, assist. com.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable tract of land lying on Aquia run, in Stafford county, in Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia warehouse, about six miles from Dumfries, and twelve miles from Frederickburg, containing six thousand acres; it is well watered and abounding with timber, calculated for planting or farming; on this land are several valuable mill seats, one particularly so. The above will be sold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may best suit the purchasers; if sold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchase, if in small lots only one year's credit will be given for one half; the other being paid at the time of conveyance. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber opposite to Lower Marlborough, in Maryland, or colonel Bailey Washington, near to and adjoining the premises, who will shew the land.

15 WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 1300 acres of land, lying near the Head of Severn, about 16 miles from Annapolis, and 17 from Baltimore; the soil is adapted both to farming and planting, and has the advantage of a very large tract of meadow ground, a considerable part of which is cleared and may be improved at a small expence; the land is chiefly wooded, and the lower parts abound with a great variety of lofty timbers, it is well watered, and has a good seat for a mill, and only six miles from navigation. For terms apply to the subscriber in Annapolis.

JAMES STEUART.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

Annapolis, December 23, 1784.

RAN away from the subscriber, some time in the month of September last, a negro woman named LUCY, formerly the property of Benedict Calvert, Esq; of Prince-George's county; is about five feet four inches high, and has lost one eye; her wearing apparel is unknown. Whoever secures her so that her master may get her again, shall receive thirty shillings if taken up ten miles from home, if twenty miles fifty shillings, and if out of the state the above reward, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

ARCHIBALD GOLDER.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

December 23, 1784.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man slave named SAM, about five feet seven inches high, well made, has a very flat nose, and when his mouth is shut his under lip looks very large and prominent, has a remarkable scar upon his neck reaching almost from his ear to his collar bone occasioned by an imposthume, but on which side I am not certain; had on and took with him various articles of clothing, among which were a coarse blue cloth coat, white kersey waistcoat, black worsted knit breeches, black leather shoes, white metal shoe buckles, striped holland coat, nankeen waistcoat and breeches, two osanbrig shirts and trousers, a crocus frock, and a new felt hat, but as he has been absent from my service since the 15th of July last it is probable he may have got other cloaths. I have been informed he has a forged pass and has changed his name from Sam to Jem, and endeavours to pass for a free man. Whoever will take up and secure said negro in any gaol, so that I may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

WILLIAM DAVIS, jun.

November 2, 1784.

FOR SALE,

THAT very valuable plantation, late the property of William Thomas, deceased, containing about 800 acres of land, beautifully situated on the mouth of South river, about three miles from the city of Annapolis, and about 300 acres cleared, the whole of exceeding good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, oats, and rye; the improvements are, a very good convenient dwelling house, kitchen, corn house, stables, tobacco houses, &c. a good apple orchard, with a variety of other fruit trees; some meadow in timothy and more may be made at a very trifling expence; there are many advantages attending its situation too tedious to mention, among the number the convenience to market, and for fishing and fowling, as in the season there are a great abundance of fine fish, crabs, oysters, and wild fowl. Likewise to be sold, a number of negroes, some of which are very valuable house servants, also some excellent horses fit for the road or draught. For terms enquire of the subscriber, living on the premises.

13 W. THOMAS.

Annapolis, January 3, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons whatever, who are indebted to the late partnership of Thomas C. Williams, and Co. or to the subscribers, by bond, note, or open account, they are requested to settle the same with the subscribers on or before the 15th day of February next ensuing, as no further indulgence will be given. All those that do not comply with this public notice and reasonable request, may depend that suits will commence against them; to compel by law, without respect to persons.

4X JOSEPH and JAMES WILLIAMS.

August 13, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

A PARCEL of valuable lands lying in Baltimore county, about twenty miles from Baltimore town, on the road leading from that place to Little York in Pennsylvania, containing upwards of eight hundred acres; it has been let out in small tenements, each tenement improved with a good dwelling house, and convenient out-houses; apple orchard, and variety of other fruit trees; a great quantity of meadow ground fit for the she, and much more may be reclaimed with but a little trouble and expence; the soil in general is very good and calculated either for planting or farming; there is a great quantity of timber on the land, and that very good. Tobacco, bills of exchange drawn on London, or specie, will be taken in payment. Credit will be given for part of the money, and a great bargain will be given to the purchaser if he pays in a short time. Any person inclined to view the premises, may be shewn them by applying to Mr. Birmingham near the place, and the terms of sale will be made known by him or the subscriber, near Annapolis.

20 JONATHAN SELLMAN, jun.

Prince George's county, November 23, 1784.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of captain Judson Coolidge, late of this county deceased, are desired to bring them in legally proved as they may be settled, and all those indebted unto the same, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment, unto

**SINGLETON WOOTTON, } admstrator.
RICHARD BURGESS, }**